

## Theme 4: Water and SAWAS

1. Safe drinking water should be ensured through sustained partnership with the Jal Jeevan Mission, which aims to provide household piped connections to every household by 2024.
2. To ensure the availability of clean drinking water for everyone, efforts and strategies must be made to create infrastructure such as schools, sanitation facilities, village councils, healthcare centers, residential complexes, and public buildings.
3. It is essential for everyone to understand the importance of water conservation through education that emphasizes the aspects of water quality, purification, management, and conservation related to technological advancements.
4. Collaboration and collective action are crucial for addressing the interconnected challenges faced by various sectors and organizations involved in water supply initiatives. Recognizing common intermediaries, understanding needs, and coordinating efforts are essential for addressing challenges.
5. Climate change is a global problem. People should be made aware of its effects at the field level and the resilience of the people for safe drinking water should be created through the corresponding programs.
6. Rainwater harvesting systems for drinking water should be established at the family, village, and community level in order to meet the drinking water needs of the people in order to cope with climate change. Realizing the need for the same, training should be provided to all the workers.
7. Common rainwater harvesting structures should be established not only in houses and industries but also in villages and urban areas, especially during times of scarcity. Additionally, people should strive to achieve self-sufficiency in drinking water. Furthermore, emphasizing the importance of community involvement in monitoring and maintaining rainwater is essential.